# **HRO General Insurance & Risk Management Purchasing Guide**Making Risk Management a Priority as your Firm Grows



#### MAKING RISK MANAGEMENT A PRIORITY AS YOUR ORGANIZATION GROWS



Risk Management is an important structural element in the protection of any business or organization. This insurance and risk management guide provides a summary of the evolving, interconnected risk management paths. Executives and managers in these fields may find it useful for identifying risk management concerns that warrant further investigation and discussion.

This document is intended as a guide on the journey toward developing "risk intelligence", by assisting all personnel in an organization to broaden their perspectives on risk and improve their ability to execute risk-related responsibilities.

The guide can be used to spur discussion, and planning, about your commercial insurance and risk management journey as the firm grows. This guide should be used as one part of an overall risk management program and planning guide. Provided in this guide is a summary of the most common types of commercial insurance coverages purchased by growth companies. Due to the unique nature of every company, the timing of insurance purchases and risk profile will vary. Insurance policies should be reviewed carefully for specific coverage terms and exclusions. This is not intended to cover all insurance products available in today's marketplace.

Usage limitations: This document may be used by your organization for its internal business purposes only. This document is general and contains basic information only. HRO Resources recommends that you work with our service team to customize this guide to match your unique risks and exposures.

#### PURCHASING MILESTONES

Insurance Coverage	Startup IGNITE Seed, Accelerator	Early Stage LIFT OFF Series A	Emerging Growth ESCAPE VELOCITY Series B-D, Debt, IPO
General Liability	✓	✓	√
Workers Compensation	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Key Man Insurance	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Commercial Property	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Business Auto	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Products/Completed Operations		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Technology Errors & Omissions		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Cyber Liability		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Property in transit		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Umbrella		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Directors & Officers		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Employment Practices		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Crime			$\checkmark$
Difference in Conditions			$\checkmark$
Fiduciary Liability			$\checkmark$

#### Note:

The purchase of insurance coverage can often times be aligned by company financing stages.

On occasion, a startup may need to purchase additional coverages that align with their exposure.



## SOLUTIONS BUILT FOR EVERY STAGE





policy. As the name implies, these policies cover fewer specific risks as opposed to the more specific types such as automobile liability, aircraft liability, or professional malpractice liability. These are covered under separate specialized liability policies.



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	In	pical Reasons why surance Coverage is ırchased		hen Insurance Coverage Typically Purchased		nium Basis and Basic erwriting criteria
GENERAL LIABILITY - PACKAGE	•	Required by landlord	•	Immediately upon	•	Square footage
General Liability – Premises Liability	•	Required by bank		establishment of the firm	•	Payroll
A standard insurance policy issued to business organizations to protect them	•	Prudent business practice			•	Revenue
against liability claims for bodily injury (BI) and property damage (PD) arising out of premises, operations, products, and completed operations; and advertising and personal injury (PI) liability.	•	Usual contract requirements		GET A QUOTE		
<ul> <li>Exposures will increase with visitors to premises. The most common business liability protection is a General Liability</li> </ul>						



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance Coverage is Typically Purchased	Premium Basis and Basic Underwriting criteria
WORKERS' COMPENSATION:	Required by most States for	Immediately	Workers Compensation class
Workers Compensation policies include two basic Coverages.	employees	GET A QUOTE	<ul> <li>Workers Compensation rate applies per \$100 of payroll based on job classification</li> </ul>
The first coverage provides benefits for employees injured on the job. These benefits are determined by state law.			
The second coverage is Employer's Liability. This section covers suits by employees (or their family members) against their employers for job-related accidents.			
Workers Compensation laws often limit the liability of employers to employee suits, but suits do still occur.			
KEY MAN INSURANCE:	Required by investor(s)	• Immediately	<ul> <li>General health, age of individual</li> </ul>
Life insurance owned by a business entity on the life of a key individual that will, in the event of his or her death, offset a loss in earnings and provide the funds necessary to find, hire, and develop a replacement.		SCHEDULE A CALL	Smoker, Non-Smoker
It is designed to offset losses resulting from the death of a key person, such as reduced sales, interruption of a vital research project, flow of production, or an impaired credit standing.			
Company becomes beneficiary in the event of death to critical employees.			



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance Coverage is Typically Purchased	Premium Basis and Basic Underwriting criteria
BUSINESS AUTO: Covers physical damage to owned or leased vehicles and third-party claims alleging bodily injury and property damage.	<ul><li>Prudent business practice</li><li>Usual contract requirement</li></ul>	<ul> <li>When a company leases or buys a vehicle</li> <li>GET A QUOTE</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Year/Make/Model</li> <li>Value of car</li> <li>No. of employees</li> </ul>
PRODUCTS/COMPLETED OPERATIONS OR STAND ALONE General Liability – Products and Completed Operations Liability arising out of the insured's products or business operations. A standard insurance policy issued to business organizations to protect them against liability claims for bodily injury (BI) and property damage (PD) arising out of premises, operations, products, and completed operations. Products Liability is the liability for bodily injury (BI) or property damage (PD) incurred by a merchant or manufacturer because of some defect in the product sold or manufactured. Special exposures can arise from product contamination and product labeling and could overlap with Product Recall	<ul> <li>Required by vendor</li> <li>Usual contract requirements</li> <li>Required by bank</li> <li>Prudent business practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Immediately upon establishment of the firm, or launch of product</li> <li>GET A QUOTE</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Types of products sold</li> <li>Annual estimated sales</li> <li>U.S. sales</li> <li>Foreign sales</li> </ul>



and Contamination exposures.



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance Coverage is Typically Purchased	Premium Basis and Basic Underwriting criteria
TECHNOLOGY ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	Required by some clients	• Upon launching of product	Risks will be underwritten,
AND/OR CYBER LIABILITY: Coverage for claims alleging negligence in the provision of technology services or due to the	<ul> <li>Required, as General Liability will not pick up these exposures / risks</li> </ul>	pick up these Internet exposures	and premium will be developed in several differer categories:
failure of technology products. May cover, or be endorsed to cover:	Prudent business practice	GET A QUOTE	<ul><li>Contractual exposures</li><li>Size and length of</li></ul>
Intellectual Property (copyright, trademark			contracts
<ul> <li>only, not patent – that is a separate product no trade secret – usually not insurable)</li> <li>Media Liability</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Types of products and services</li> </ul>
Internet services			Quality control
Technology E&O – Technology Errors &			Litigation exposures
Omissions can be defined as coverage for claims alleging negligence in the provision			Quality of management
of your technology products and services. These insurance products may be endorsed to additionally cover intellectual property, media liability and/or Internet services. Coverage availability varies and the scope of exposure differs in each organization.			Company financials
As technology companies continue to emerge and expand, generalizing about trends in Technology E&O coverage has become more difficult. Elements of E&O coverage have become more complex and specialized.			
E&O programs now range from coverage for negligence in the provision of technology services, to protection for the design,			

manufacture, development, distribution, licensing, or sale of technology products.



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance Coverage is Typically Purchased	Premium Basis and Basic Underwriting criteria
CYBER LIABILITY INSURANCE PROVIDES:	Required by investors	When exposure is developed	Contractual exposures
• Coverage for claims alleging negligence in	Usual contract requirement	GET A QUOTE	• Size and length of contracts
the provision of internet services.	Prudent business practice	GET A GOOTE	Technology security
<ul> <li>Coverage for liability associated with a failure of network security.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Number of records and transactions</li> </ul>
Coverage for liability associated with dissemination of electronic content.			• Type of data held
Coverage for Business Interruption due to certain non-physical perils.			
Coverage for damage to one's own intangible assets (e.g. code, data, etc.).			
May be endorsed to cover Miscellaneous E&O			
COMMERCIAL PROPERTY	Required by suppliers	When exposure is developed	Maximum value per shipment
AND PROPERTY IN TRANSIT: Covers direct damage to business personal property, including raw material, work-in progress, and finished goods while in route.	Usual contract requirement	GET A QUOTE	Total value shipped annually
	Prudent business practice	der A goore	



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance Coverage is Typically Purchased	Premium Basis and Basic Underwriting criteria
UMBRELLA LIABLITY POLICY:		• Evaluated frequently as firm	Underlying premiums for GI
A policy designed to provide protection against catastrophic losses. It generally is written over other primary liability policies, such as the business auto policy, commercial general liability policy, watercraft and aircraft liability policies, and employer's liability coverage.	Prudent business practice	grows	auto liability, and employer' liability
The umbrella policy serves three purposes: t provides excess limits when the limits of underlying liability policies are exhausted by the payment of claims; it drops down and picks up where the underlying policy leaves off when the aggregate limit of the underlying policy n question is exhausted by the payment of claims; and it provides protection against some claims not covered by the underlying policies, subject to the assumption, by the named nsured, of a self-insured retention.			
DIRECTORS & OFFICERS ENTITY COVERAGE PUBLIC OR PRIVATE):	at the Series A stage as the size of the Board increases when VCs and Independent Directors join the Board ncial cies the ated ute) rs for age	As soon as the board is     formed	Public or private
		lonned	Management experience
D&O coverage insures corporate directors and officers against claims, most often by stockholders and employees, alleging financial loss arising from mismanagement. The policies		GET A QUOTE	Corporate governance
			Company structure
ontain two coverages: the first reimburses the			Financials
sured organization when it is legally obligated ypically by corporate charter or state statute)			• Market cap
o indemnify corporate directors and officers for neir acts; the second provides direct coverage			Size of board
o directors and officers when the organization s not legally obligated to indemnify them.			Profile of board members



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance Coverage is Typically Purchased	Premium Basis and Basic Underwriting criteria
EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES LIABILITY:	<ul> <li>Required by Board of Directors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>As soon as the board is formed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Human resources policies and procedures</li> </ul>
A form of liability insurance covering wrongful acts arising from the employment process. The		GET A QUOTE	Number of employees
most frequent types of claims alleged under such policies include wrongful termination,		del A doore	Litigation experience
discrimination, and sexual harassment.			Company financials
The forms are written on a claims-made basis and generally exclude coverage for large scale, company-wide layoffs. In addition to being written as a stand-alone coverage, EPLI is frequently available as an endorsement to directors and officers liability policies.			Management experience
CRIME:	Prudent business practice	Prudent business practice	Number of employees
Crime Coverage is available to business owners and protects against loss of money and/or loss involving employee dishonesty.		SCHEDULE A CALL	
These types of coverage are usually excluded or may be restricted under standard property policies.			
DIFFERENCE IN CONDITIONS INSURANCE:	Required by landlord	As applicable	Total replacement cost
An all risks property insurance policy that is	Required by lender	SCHEDULE A CALL	Values at risk
urchased in addition to a commercial property olicy to obtain overage for perils not insured gainst in the commercial property policy usually flood and earthquake)			Construction, protection, occupancy



Types of Commercial Insurance Coverage	Typical Reasons why Insurance Coverage is Purchased	When Insurance CoveragePremium Basis and Basicis Typically PurchasedUnderwriting criteria
FIDUCIARY LIABILITY:	<ul> <li>Required by outside administrator</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When exposure is developed</li> <li>Plan assets</li> </ul>
Protects trustees, employers, fiduciaries, and professional administrators with respect to errors and omissions in the administration of employee benefit programs as imposed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA).	Required by CPA	SCHEDULE A CALL



#### ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS



As your business matures, we recommend that you begin to establish risk management guidelines for the following activities:

- 1. Real property leases
- 2. Equipment leases
- 3. Contracts with service providers
- 4. Contracts with suppliers
- 5. Contracts with temporary employment agencies
- 6. Any type of joint venture agreement
- 7. Any other contractual agreement you may have a question about

#### HRO recommends the following best practices:

- Establish written claims reporting procedures for all types of claims.
- Annually review all exposures and limits carried (perhaps more frequently with rapidly growing organizations).
- Establish business continuity and business interruption procedures.
- Establish a due diligence process and procedures for any merger and acquisition activity.
- Establish an internal process of reviewing all contracts for potential exposures that you may be assuming.
- All these agreements should be forwarded to your service team as soon as possible.

Lastly, we recommend that later stage companies start adopting the following actions. These steps will serve as a springboard into Enterprise Risk Management, which is a broader approach to managing risks in your organization.

Board-level commitment to enterprise risk management as a critical framework for successful decision making, which will dynamically propel the value of your organization.

- A dedicated risk executive in a senior level position who drives and facilitates insurance purchasing and enterprise risk management.
- An enterprise risk management culture that encourages full engagement and accountability at all levels of the organization.
- Engagement of all stakeholders in risk management strategy development and policy enactment.
- An internal and external plan for the communication of risks.
- · Integration of financial and operational risk information into decision-making processes.
- · Identification of new and emerging risks using internal data as well as information from external providers.
- A move from focusing on risk avoidance and mitigation to leveraging risk and risk management options to extract value.

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